

# Quantitative Text Analysis. Applications to Social Media Research

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Course website:

[pablobarbera.com/text-analysis-vienna](http://pablobarbera.com/text-analysis-vienna)

Twitter data

# Twitter APIs

Two different methods to collect Twitter data:

## 1. REST API:

- ▶ Queries for specific information about users and tweets
- ▶ Search recent tweets
- ▶ Examples: user profile, list of followers and friends, tweets generated by a given user (“timeline”), users lists, etc.
- ▶ R library: tweetscores (also twitterR, rtweet)

## 2. Streaming API:

- ▶ Connect to the “stream” of tweets as they are being published
- ▶ Three streaming APIs:
  - 2.1 Filter stream: tweets filtered by keywords
  - 2.2 Geo stream: tweets filtered by location
  - 2.3 Sample stream: 1% random sample of tweets
- ▶ R library: streamR

**Important limitation:** tweets can only be downloaded in real time (exception: user timelines, ~ 3,200 most recent tweets are available)

# Anatomy of a tweet



**Barack Obama** ✓  
@BarackObama



 Follow

Four more years.



RETWEETS

**756,411**

FAVORITES

**288,867**



11:16 PM - 6 Nov 2012

# Anatomy of a tweet

## Tweets are stored in JSON format:

```
{ "created_at": "Wed Nov 07 04:16:18 +0000 2012",
  "id": 266031293945503744,
  "text": "Four more years. http://t.co/bAJE6Vom",
  "source": "web",
  "user": {
    "id": 813286,
    "name": "Barack Obama",
    "screen_name": "BarackObama",
    "location": "Washington, DC",
    "description": "This account is run by Organizing for Action staff.
      Tweets from the President are signed -bo.",
    "url": "http://t.co/8aJ56Jcemr",
    "protected": false,
    "followers_count": 54873124,
    "friends_count": 654580,
    "listed_count": 202495,
    "created_at": "Mon Mar 05 22:08:25 +0000 2007",
    "time_zone": "Eastern Time (US & Canada)",
    "statuses_count": 10687,
    "lang": "en" },
  "coordinates": null,
  "retweet_count": 756411,
  "favorite_count": 288867,
  "lang": "en"
}
```

# Streaming API

- ▶ Recommended method to collect tweets
- ▶ Potential issues:
  - ▶ Filter streams have same rate limit as spritzer: when volume reaches 1% of all tweets, it will return random sample
  - ▶ Good to restart stream connections regularly.
- ▶ My workflow:
  - ▶ Amazon EC2, cloud computing
  - ▶ Cron jobs to restart R scripts every hour.
  - ▶ Save tweets in .json files, one per day.

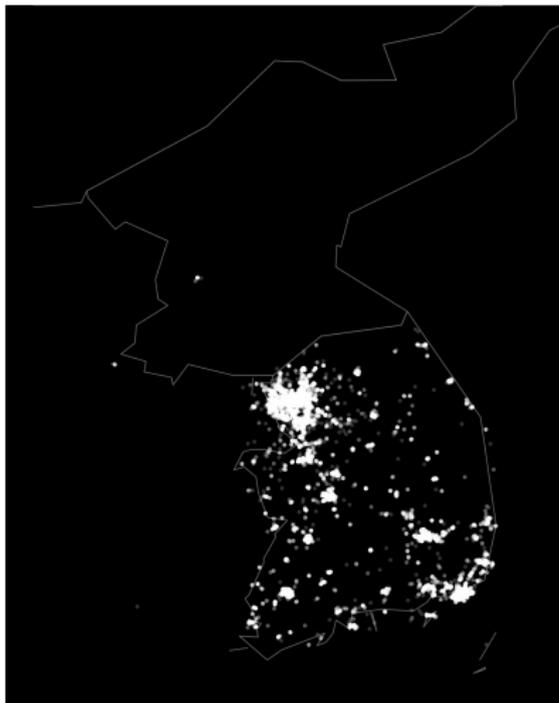
## Sampling bias?

[Morstatter](#) et al, 2013, *ICWSM*, “Is the Sample Good Enough? Comparing Data from Twitter’s Streaming API with Twitter’s Firehose”:

- ▶ 1% random sample from Streaming API is not truly random
- ▶ Less popular hashtags, users, topics... less likely to be sampled
- ▶ But for keyword-based samples, bias is not as important

[González-Bailón](#) et al, 2014, *Social Networks*, “Assessing the bias in samples of large online networks”:

- ▶ Small samples collected by filtering with a subset of relevant hashtags can be biased
- ▶ Central, most active users are more likely to be sampled
- ▶ Data collected via search (REST) API more biased than those collected with Streaming API



Tweets from Korea: 40k tweets collected in 2014 (left)  
Korean peninsula at night, 2003 (right). Source: NASA.

# Who is tweeting from North Korea?

  
**North Korea English**  
@uriminzok\_engl  
An English translation of @uriminzok - the official North Korea Twitter feed  
uriminzokkiri.com

671 TWEETS    940 FOLLOWING    129 FOLLOWERS    

**Tweets**

 **North Korea English** @uriminzok\_engl 13h  
Beloved Comrade Kim Jung-eun to stay in the national light industry competition attended by Code speeches do was [goo.gl/eJWsJ](http://goo.gl/eJWsJ)  
 Expand

Twitter user: @uriminzok\_engl

Facebook data

## Collecting Facebook data

Facebook used to allow access to public pages' data through the [Graph API](#):

1. Posts on public pages and groups
2. Likes, reactions, comments, replies...

Currently not available.

Aggregate-level statistics available through the FB Marketing API. See the code by Connor Gilroy (UW)

Access to other (anonymized) data used in published studies requires permission from Facebook or from users.

**Social Science One** as a new model for academic partnerships with Facebook.